

Commonwealth Integrity Survey

Highlights Report

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

2024	O Perceive
Commonwealth	Measure
Integrity Survey	Enhance

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Response rate (DAFF)	Response rate (Overall)
28%	21%
1,643 out of 5,918 invitees/registrants	58,309 out of 278,406 invitees/registrants

Executive summary

Background

The 2024 Commonwealth Integrity Survey was conducted by the **National Anti-Corruption Commission (the Commission)** to help understand the nature and extent of corruption risk, and **perceptions of integrity and corruption** in the Australian public sector. The survey was conducted between 19 August and 20 September 2024.

Of the 191 agencies identified as potential participating agencies, 171 had at least one staff member respond to the survey (including 168 with a designated survey coordinator promoting the survey). Across the participating agencies with a survey coordinator, response rates ranged from 3% to 100%, with a median response rate of 33%. A total of 58,309 survey responses were collected.

The survey consisted of 53 evaluative questions (plus an additional nine demographic questions to facilitate further analysis). Results from these 53 questions have been grouped into three high-level factors:

- Organisational controls—staff members' assessment of their agency's overall integrity, its ability to detect and prevent corruption, and the extent to which the agency's culture provides opportunities for corruption to occur
- **Employee comprehension**—staff members' ability to identify corruption (measured by both their confidence in doing so, and their responses to hypothetical scenarios)
- Reporting likelihood—based on staff members' willingness to report corruption and the extent to which they know (or can readily find out) how to do so

Findings

Organisational controls: Respondents largely had faith in the integrity of their agency (an average of 79% positive sentiment across component questions), and to a lesser extent also had faith in the strength of the agency's anti-corruption controls (67%). This lower average rating was largely due to mixed rather than negative sentiment—for instance, while only 63% felt their agency's controls were strong, 92% considered these controls at least 'satisfactory'.

Employee comprehension: Almost all respondents (96%) were confident they could identify corruption within their area of responsibility. When presented with five scenarios (four of which constituted some form of corrupt practice), 84% of respondents provided the best response in at least three of the scenarios; however, only 20% provided the best response across all five.

Reporting likelihood: Most respondents indicated willingness to report corruption if they had direct access to specific details (88%) but were less likely to if they were merely *told* about specific details (69%), had a suspicion but no details (45%), or learned through hearsay, but with no details (34%). Most employees believed they knew or could readily find out how to report corruption either internally (83%) or to the Commission (72%).

Analysis of the results was conducted across various demographic cohorts. Some of the key findings include:

- The 1,128 respondents who indicated they had a monitoring and audit role had much the same assessment of the strength of organisational controls as did other staff. These staff also did slightly better at identifying corruption in the hypothetical examples—although even among these staff, only 22% provided the best response across all five scenarios.
- Across different agency sizes, the most positive results were recorded among 'micro' and 'extra small' agencies (those with 100 or fewer staff)—particularly with regards to organisational integrity and anti-corruption controls. Results were broadly similar across other agency sizes.

This baseline survey has highlighted a range of areas for the Commission to focus on. Future surveys will facilitate tracking the progress of the Commission's initiatives, and the culture of integrity within the Commonwealth public sector.

How to read this report

Percentages in this report are based on the total number of valid responses made to the particular question being reported. In most cases, results reflect those respondents who expressed a view and for whom the questions were applicable. 'Don't know' and 'prefer not to say' responses have generally been excluded from attitudinal questions unless otherwise specified (although respondents who did not provide demographic responses have still been included in the overall results).

Percentage results throughout the report may not add up to 100 (particularly when displayed in chart form) due to rounding or where respondents were able to select more than one response.

Note that respondents were not required to answer all questions and therefore the base number of respondents for each question may differ. Note that results for individual questions will be redacted (dashed) if fewer than 10 respondents have provided an answer.

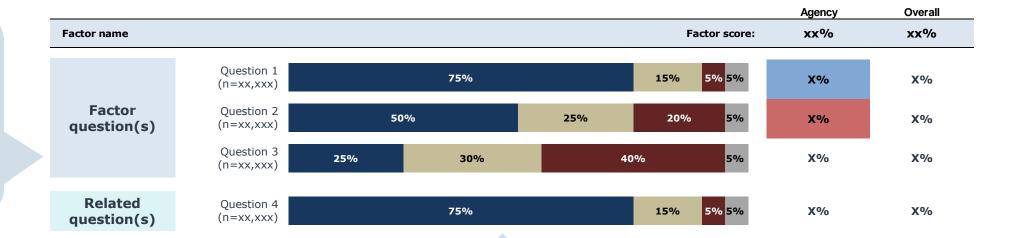
This project has been undertaken in accordance with the International Quality Standard ISO 20252 and ISO 27001 and has complied with the Australian Privacy Principles contained in the *Privacy Act 1988*.

How to read this report (cont'd)

This report contains a series of tables that illustrate the high-level results for the 2024 Commonwealth Integrity Survey. Information on how to read these tables is provided below.

Factor scores are calculated by averaging the percentage positive of all factor questions.

Anti-corruption factors are determined by factor analysis, which groups questions on how closely correlated they are with one another. The components of each factor are grouped as Factor question(s).



Related question(s) include questions that are related to relevant workplace factors but are not included in the factor calculations.

Question text, followed by number of valid responses to the specific question.

Results have been condensed into four categories:

- Positive responses (e.g. strongly agree/agree, very satisfied/satisfied)
- Mixed responses (e.g. neither agree nor disagree)
- Negative responses (e.g. strongly disagree/disagree)
- Unsure (e.g. not applicable / not sure)

Colour formatting for DAFF columns highlights the differences from the overall results, where your agency results are higher (blue) or lower (red) by at least five percentage points.



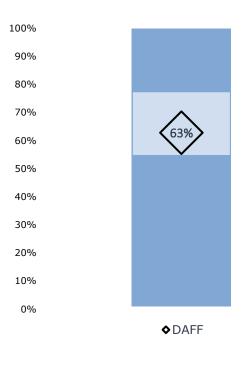
OFFICIAL

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Overall integrity measures

Organisational controls

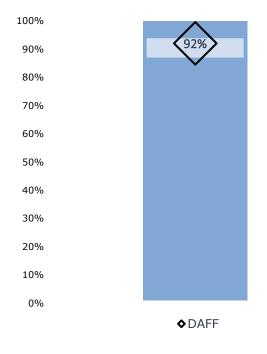
Measures the strength of an organisation's anticorruption controls, views on organisation integrity, and the risk of corruption within an organisation



S.D. = 11%

Employee comprehension

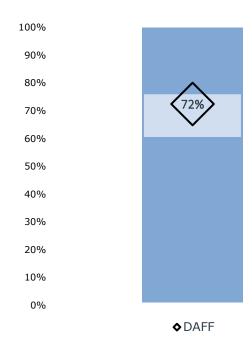
Measures the level of employee confidence in identifying corruption within the workplace



S.D. = 4%

Reporting likelihood

Measures the propensity to report corruption, as well as the general awareness of reporting mechanisms

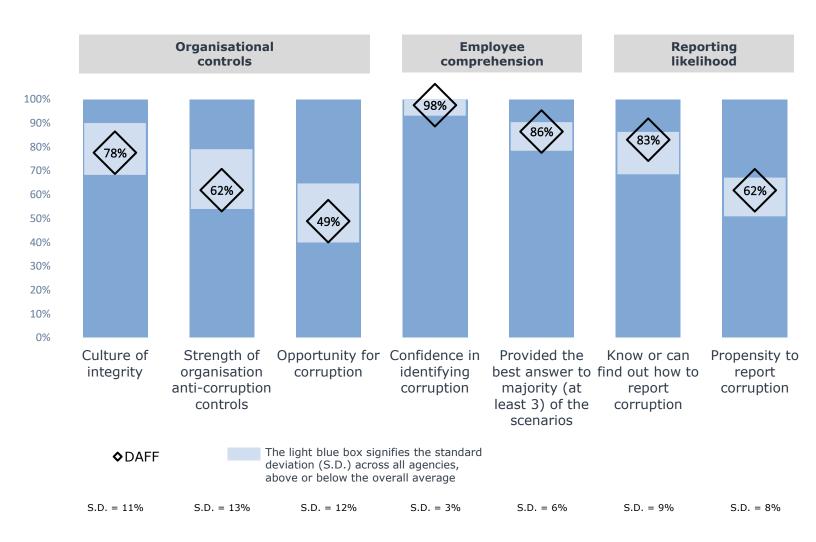


S.D. = 8%

Factor summary

This report uses factors to summarise the findings related to particular themes canvassed in the survey. These factors are determined through factor analysis, which groups questions that are closely correlated with one another.

The chart on the right illustrates the key factor scores overall.



Detailed results: Organisational controls

2024 Integrity Survey Survey Enhance



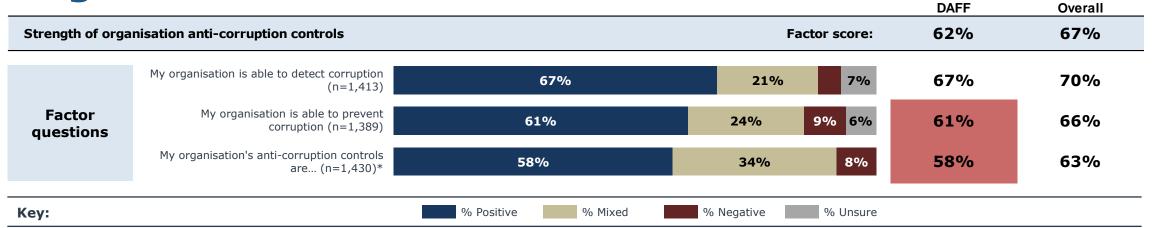
Perceive





8

Organisational controls

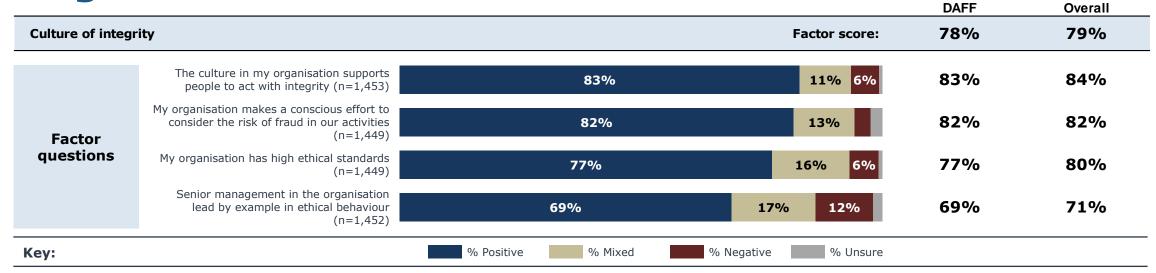


^{* %} Positive: Very strong, Strong | % Mixed: Satisfactory | % Negative: Weak, Non-existent

Anti-corruption controls are taken seriously by... (n=1,430) Overall All employees 28% 35% Most employees 61% **53%** Some employees 9% 9% A few employees 3% Nobody <1% 1%

9

Organisational controls



Overall

DAFF

Organisational controls

Opportunity for corruption Factor score: 49% 52%

Scale: % Positive: Strongly disagree, Disagree | % Mixed: Neither agree nor disagree | % Negative: Strongly agree, Agree

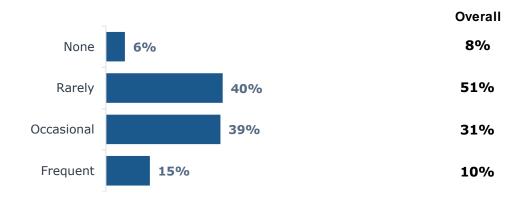
There is petty crime (such as theft, 73% 73% 11% 77% vandalism, and intimidation) (n=1,433)Rules and procedures can be easily 47% 24% 25% 47% 53% bypassed (n=1,444)Some people act for personal gain / Factor interests of personal associates, than for 45% 47% 45% 21% 29% the organisational outcomes (n=1,438)questions People manage information with excessive secrecy (more than what is required for 33% 44% 47% 44% 18% their role/function) (n=1,438)There are small, informal sub-groups (or 6% 35% 38% cliques) that exclude others and have their 35% 23% 36% own way of doing things (n=1,440)I don't like the way my organisation is 49% 53% 32% 15% 49% changing (n=1,440) Related questions People take leave to escape the workplace 37% 22% 31% 10% 37% 41% culture (n=1,441)Key: % Positive % Mixed % Unsure % Negative

Overall

Organisational controls

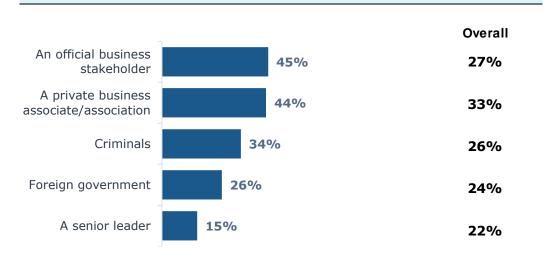
Opportunity for corruption (cont'd) Factor score: 49% 52%

Opportunities for corrupt conduct in my organisation (n=1,419)



Top 5 most likely corrupting influence (Multiple response) (n=1,559)

DAFF





Detailed results: Employee comprehension

2024 Integrity Survey Survey Enhance







Employee comprehension

Confidence in identifying corruption Factor score: 98% 96%

Factor question

I am confident that I can identify what constitutes corruption within my area of responsibility (n=1,629)

98%

98%

DAFF

96%

Overall

Scenario 1

An employee was part of a procurement process involving their friend's business and didn't declare it. The employee's friend won the contract and went on to provide good quality services for your organisation.

Scenario 2

An employee regularly accesses records they had no reason to access. The records contain sensitive personal information about people.

Scenario 3

An employee uses their official letterhead to communicate with someone outside the organisation during a personal matter because they believed they would get favourable treatment.

Scenario 4

An employee deliberately bypassed the usual processes to get an ineligible candidate into a grant program.

Scenario 5

An employee repeatedly fills a vacancy using temporary or acting staff to avoid running a competitive, meritbased recruitment process.

68%

provided the best answer

67%

provided the best answer

74%

provided the best answer

96%

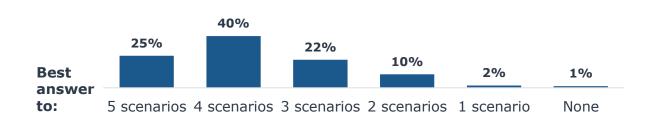
provided the best answer

69%

provided the best answer

86%

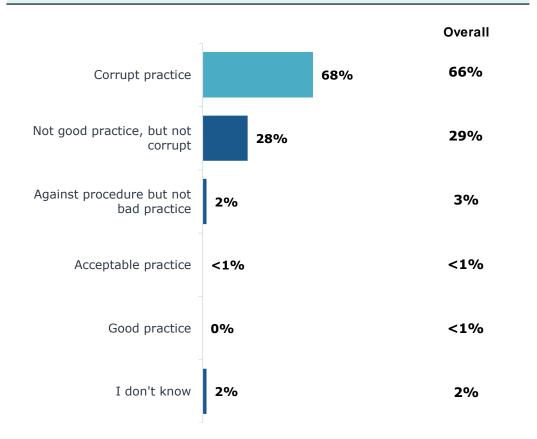
of respondents gave the best answer to the majority (at least 3) of the scenarios





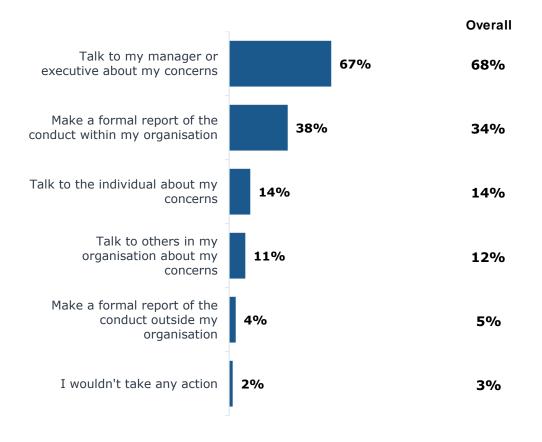
An employee was part of a procurement process involving their friend's business and didn't declare it. The employee's friend won the contract and went on to provide good quality services for your organisation.

How would you categorise the type of practice described? (n=1,498)



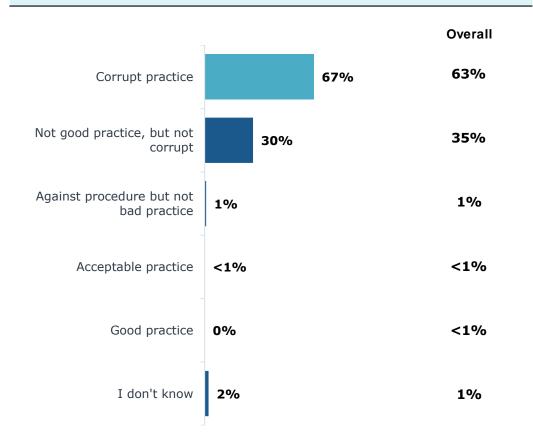


What course of action would you take? (Multiple response) (n=1,285)



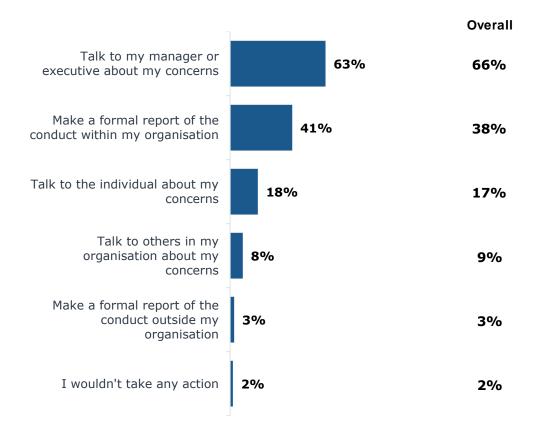
An employee regularly accesses records they had no reason to access. The records contain sensitive personal information about people.

How would you categorise the type of practice described? (n=1,495)



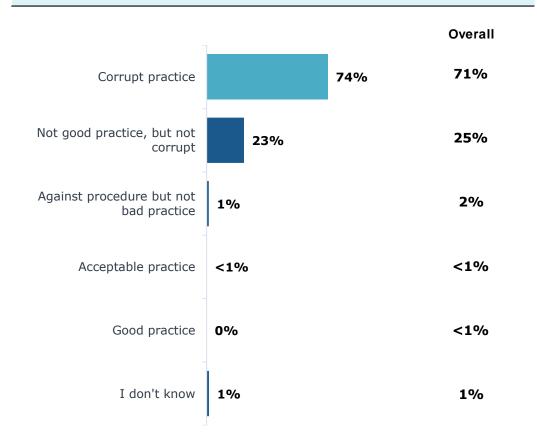


What course of action would you take? (Multiple response) (n=1,284)



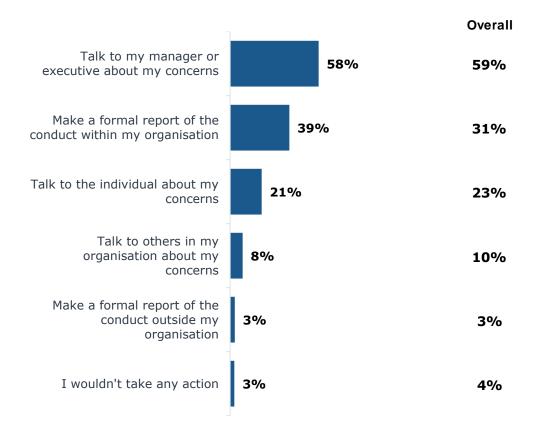
An employee uses their official letterhead to communicate with someone outside the organisation during a personal matter because they believed they would get favourable treatment.

How would you categorise the type of practice described? (n=1,494)



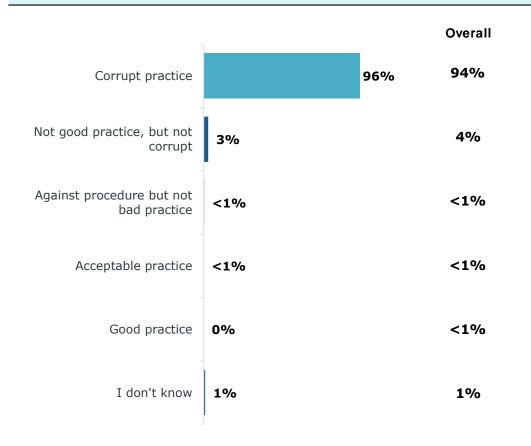


What course of action would you take? (Multiple response) (n=1,269)



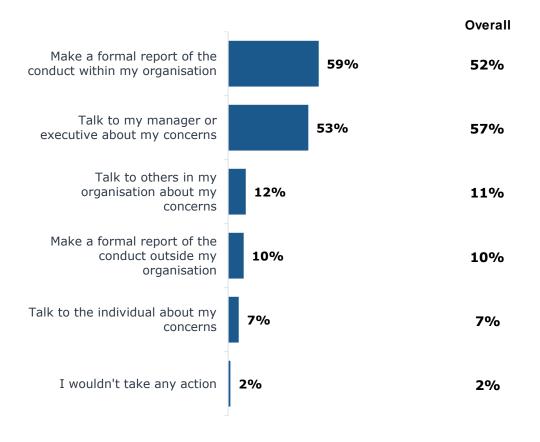
An employee deliberately bypassed the usual processes to get an ineligible candidate into a grant program.

How would you categorise the type of practice described? (n=1,495)



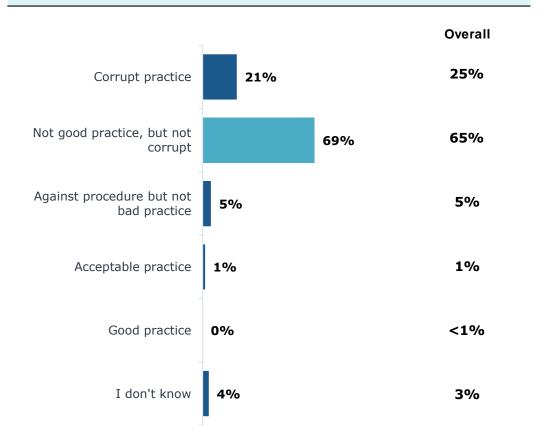


What course of action would you take? (Multiple response) (n=1,261)



An employee repeatedly fills a vacancy using temporary or acting staff to avoid running a competitive, merit-based recruitment process.

How would you categorise the type of practice described? (n=1,496)





What course of action would you take? (Multiple response) (n=1,317)



Detailed results: Reporting likelihood

2024 Integrity Survey Survey Enhance

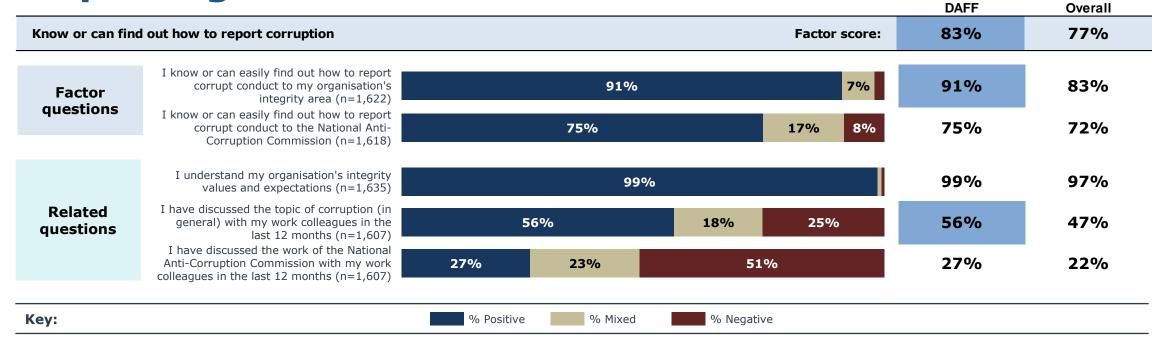


Perceive





Reporting likelihood



Overall

DAFF

21

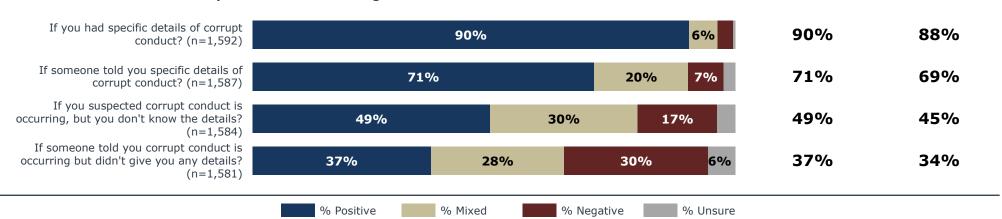
Reporting likelihood

Propensity to report corruption 62% **59%** Factor score:

How likely would you be able to make an official report under the following circumstances...

Factor questions

Key:

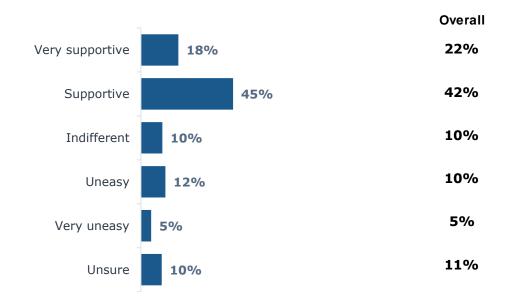


Overall

Reporting likelihood

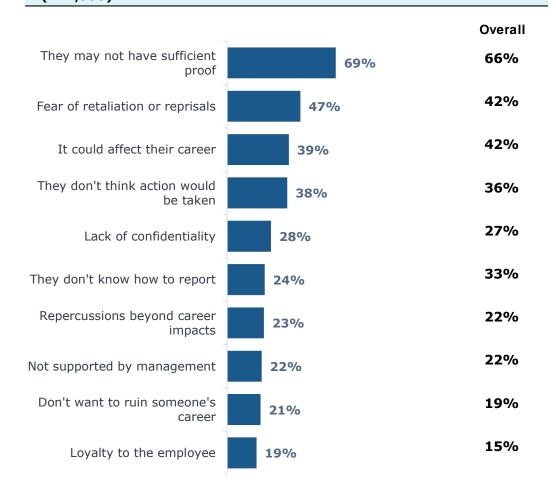
Propensity to report corruption (cont'd) Factor score: 62% 59%

Reactions of colleagues to those who report corrupt conduct (n=1,541)



Top 10 reasons for not reporting corrupt conduct (Multiple response) (n=1,533)

DAFF



Detailed results: Corruption in the workplace

2024 Integrity Survey Survey Enhance



Perceive

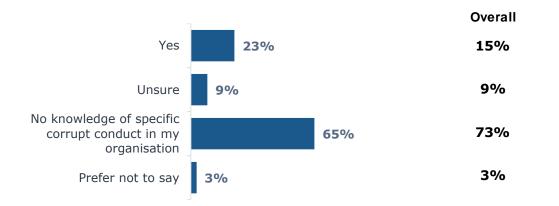




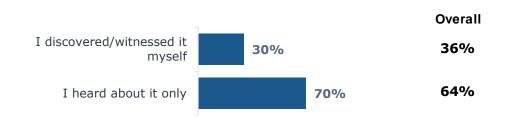
Awareness of corruption

Awareness of allegations or incidents of corruption in your organisation

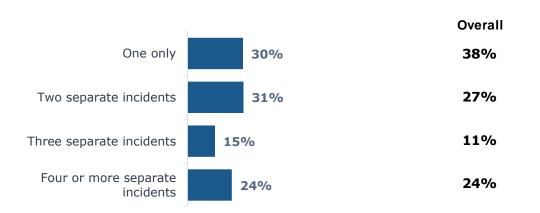
Specific knowledge of corrupt conduct in agency (n=1,430)



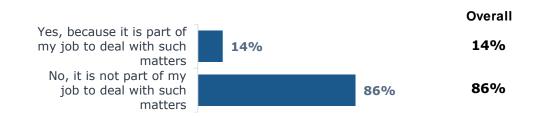
How did you become aware of the corrupt conduct? (n=436)



How many incidents of corrupt conduct are you aware of? (n=426)



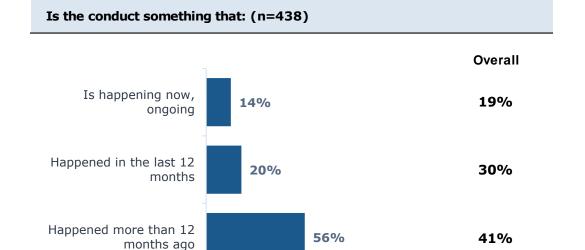
Did you know about the conduct because it was your job to do so? (n=455)



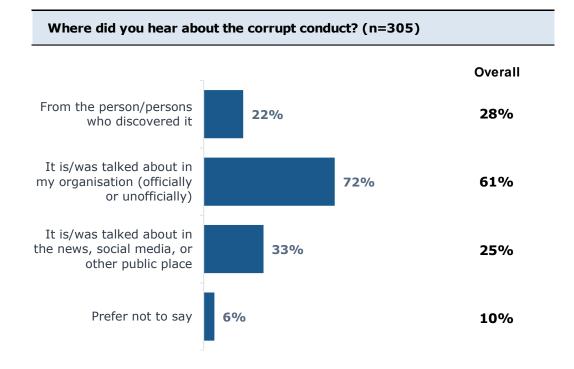


Awareness of corruption

Awareness of allegations or incidents of corruption in your organisation (cont'd)



11%





I don't know when it

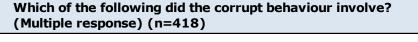
happened

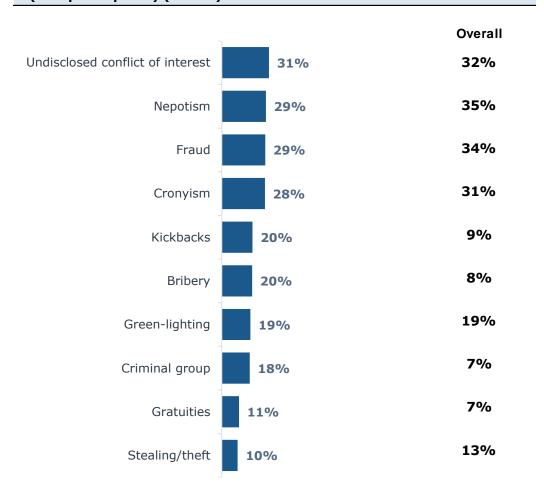
10%

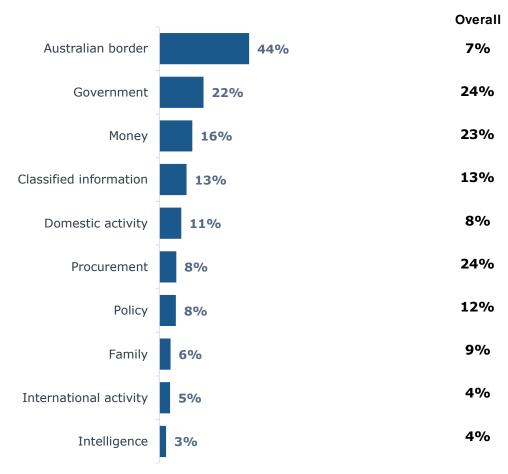
26

Responding to the most recent incident

Which of the following best describes the corrupt behaviour? (Multiple response) (n=440)



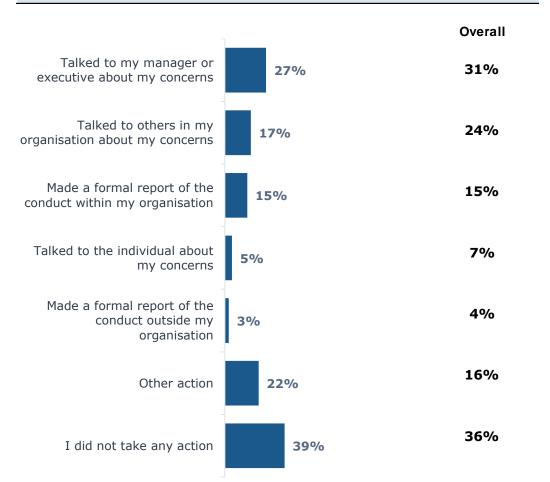




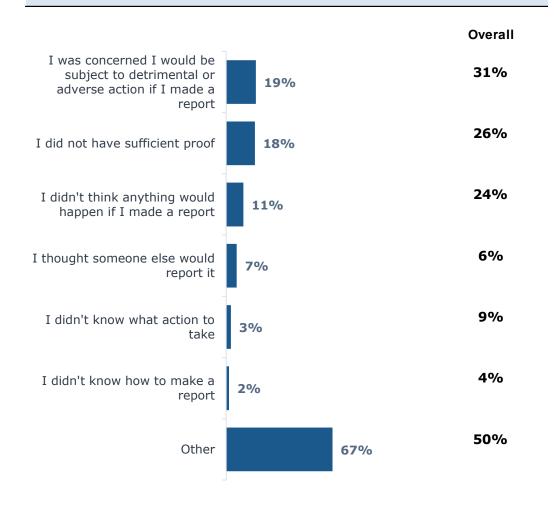


Responding to the most recent incident

What action did you take in relation to this incident? (Multiple response) (n=427)







Commonwealth Measure Integrity Survey



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LEX 34943
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Reading notes for Heatmap Report

This page provides notes on how to read the Heatmap Report and its components.

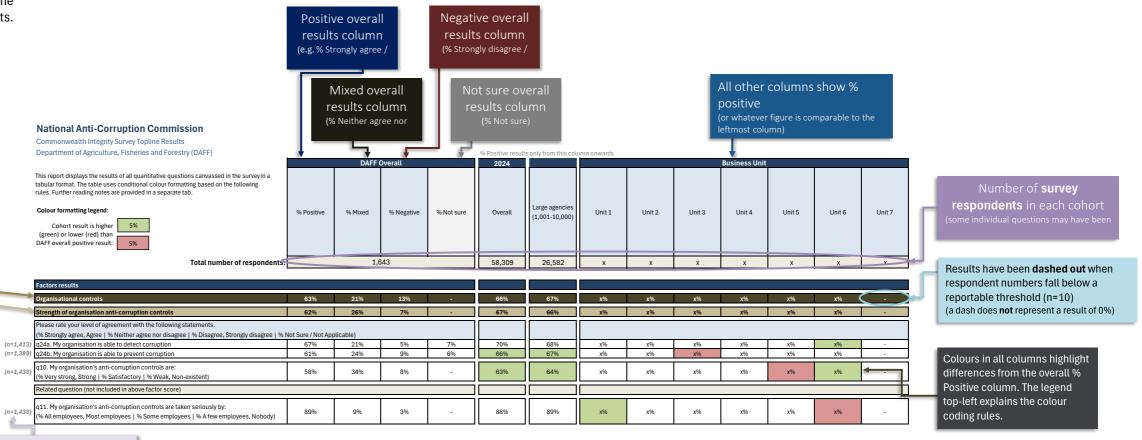
Factor scores (tan rows) / Higher-Level Factor scores (darker tan rows)

This report uses factors to summarise the findings related to particular themes canvassed in the survey. These factors are determined by factor analysis, which groups questions on how closely correlated they are with one another. The components of each factor are grouped as Factor question(s).

Factor scores for the overall columns reflect the average percentage of positive, mixed, negative and not sure responses across all responses in component question(s). Factor scores for all other columns represent the average percentage of positive scores for all component question(s).

Related question(s) include questions that are related to relevant anti-corruption factors but are not included in the factor calculations.

Number of respondents for each question in the overall data



(n=1,413)

(n=1,389)

(n=1,430)

(n=1,430)

(n=1,453)

(n=1,449)

(n=1,449)

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

% Positive results only from this column onwards **DAFF Overall** 2024 s 47E(d) This report displays the results of all quantitative questions canvassed in the survey in a tabular format. The table uses conditional colour formatting based on the following rules. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab. agencies Colour formatting legend: % Positive % Mixed % Negative % Not sure Overall (1,001-Cohort result is 10,000) higher (green) or lower (red) than 5% DAFF overall positive result: 26,582 Total number of respondents: 1,643 58,309 **Factor summary** Organisational controls 63% 21% 13% 66% 67% Strength of organisation anti-corruption controls 62% 26% 7% 67% 66% Culture of integrity 78% 14% 7% 2% 79% 80% Opportunity for corruption 22% 5% 52% 54% 49% 24% **Employee comprehension** 92% 92% 7% 90% Confidence in identifying corruption 98% 2% 1% 96% 96% Provided best answer to at least three out of five scenarios 86% 14% 84% 87% Reporting likelihood 16% 10% 68% 72% 68% Know or can find out how to report corruption 12% 5% 78% 83% 77% 14% 3% 59% Propensity to report corruption 62% 21% 57% 7% Commitment and loyalty 78% 16% 77% 75% Factors results Organisational controls 63% 21% 13% 66% 67% 62% 26% 7% 67% 66% Strength of organisation anti-corruption controls Please rate your level of agreement with the following statements. (% Strongly agree, Agree | % Neither agree nor disagree | % Disagree, Strongly disagree | % Not Sure / Not Applicable) q24a. My organisation is able to detect corruption 67% 5% 7% 70% 68% q24b. My organisation is able to prevent corruption 61% 24% 9% 6% 66% 67% q10. My organisation's anti-corruption controls are: 58% 34% 8% 63% 64% (% Very strong, Strong | % Satisfactory | % Weak, Non-existent) Related question (not included in above factor score) q11. My organisation's anti-corruption controls are taken seriously by: (% All employees, Most employees | % Some employees | % A few employees, 89% 9% 3% 88% 89% Nobody) Culture of integrity 78% 14% **7**% 2% 79% 80% Please rate your level of agreement with the following statements. % Strongly agree, Agree | % Neither agree nor disagree | % Disagree, Strongly disagree | % Not Sure / Not Applicable) q8a. The culture in my organisation supports people to act with integrity 83% 11% 6% 1% 84% 84% q8d. My organisation makes a conscious effort to consider the risk of fraud in our 82% 13% 3% 2% 82% 82% q8c. My organisation has high ethical standards 77% 16% 6% 1% 80% 80% q8b. Senior management in the organisation lead by example in ethical behaviour 69% 17% 12% 2% 71% 72%

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% Positive results only from this column onwards

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

(n=1,433) (n=1,444) (n=1,438) (n=1,438)

(n=1,440) (n=1,441) (n=1,419)

(n=1,559)

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)					% Positive rest	ills only from th	is coluitiii ofiwards
		DAFF	Overall		2024		
This report displays the results of all quantitative questions canvassed in the survey in a tabular format. The table uses conditional colour formatting based on the following rules. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab.						Large	s 47E(d)
Colour formatting legend:	% Positive	% Mixed	% Negative	% Not sure	Overall	agencies	
Cohort result is	70 T O3ILIVC	70 1-11XCu	70 NCBative	70 1 4 01 3u1 C	Overall	(1,001-	
higher (green) or 5%						10,000)	
lower (red) than							
DAFF overall 5%							
positive result:							
Opportunity for corruption	49%	22%	24%	5%	52%	54%	
Please rate your level of agreement with the following statements about your organ							
(% Disagree, Strongly disagree % Neither agree nor disagree % Strongly agree,				ı			
q9b. There is petty crime (such as theft, vandalism, and intimidation)	73%	11%	9%	7%	77%	78%	
q9a. Rules and procedures can be easily bypassed	47%	24%	25%	4%	53%	54%	
q9c. I think some people act for personal gain, or in the interests of personal	45%	21%	29%	5%	47%	51%	
associates, rather than for the best organisational outcomes							
q9d. People manage information with excessive secrecy (more than what is	44%	33%	18%	5%	47%	48%	
required for their role/function) q9e. There are small, informal sub-groups (or cliques) that exclude others and							
have their own way of doing things	35%	23%	36%	6%	38%	39%	
		l	L				<u> </u>
Related question (not included in above factor score)							
q9f. I don't like the way my organisation is changing	49%	32%	15%	4%	53%	55%	
q9g. People take leave to escape the workplace culture	37%	22%	31%	10%	41%	42%	
q12. Select the statement that you think is the most accurate in reflecting your org	anisation's safe	guards.]
There are no opportunities for corrupt conduct in my organisation	6%	-	-	-	8%	8%	
There are rare opportunities for corrupt conduct in my organisation	40%	-	-	-	51%	52%	
There are occasional opportunities for corrupt conduct in my organisation	39%	-	-	-	31%	31%	
There are frequent opportunities for corrupt conduct in my organisation	15%	-	-	-	10%	9%	
q3mr. What type of person or group do you believe would be the most likely corrup	oting influence o	n employees w	orking for your	organisation?			
(Multiple Response)							
An official business stakeholder	45%	-	-	-	27%	29%	
A private business associate/association	44%	-	-	-	33%	35%	
Criminals	34%	-	-	-	26%	20%	
Foreign government	26%	-	-	-	24%	21%	
A senior leader	15%	-	-	-	22%	22%	

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47E(d)

National Anti-Corruption Commission

(n=1,629)

(n=1,503)

(n=1,498) (n=1,495) (n=1,494) (n=1,495) (n=1,496)

(n=1,498)

(n=1,285)

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

**Positive results only from this column onwards

DAFF Overall

2024

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)		DAFF	Overall		2024				
This report displays the results of all quantitative questions canvassed in the survey in a tabular format. The table uses conditional colour formatting based on the following rules. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab. Colour formatting legend: Cohort result is higher (green) or lower (red) than DAFF overall	% Positive	% Mixed	% Negative	% Not sure	Overall	Large agencies (1,001- 10,000)	S		
positive result: Employee comprehension	92%		7%		90%	92%			
Confidence in identifying corruption	98%	2%	1%		96%	96%	î		
Please rate your level of agreement with the following statements. (% Strongly agree, Agree % Neither agree nor disagree % Disagree, Strongly dis q1b. I am confident that I can identify what constitutes corruption within my area		I					Ī		
of responsibility	98%	2%	1%	-	96%	96%			
Provided best answer to at least three out of five scenarios	86%	-	14%	-	84%	87%	Ī		
Number of scenarios respondents provided the best answer to							i		
5	25%	-	-	-	20%	22%	7		
4	40%	-	-	-	39%	40%	1		
3	22%	-	-	-	26%	25%	1		
2	10%	-	-	-	11%	10%	I		
1	2%	-	-	-	3%	2%]		
0	1%	-	-	-	1%	1%	1		
Proportion of respondents provided the best answer to each scenario							Ī		
q6a@. Scenario 1	68%	-	-	-	66%	68%	1		
q6b@. Scenario 2	67%	-	-	-	63%	64%	1		
q6c@. Scenario 3	74%	-	-	-	71%	75%	Ī		
q6d@. Scenario 4	96%	-	-	-	94%	94%	I		
q6e@. Scenario 5	69%	-	-	-	65%	67%	1		
Scenario 1: An employee was part of a procurement process involving their friend's business and didn't declare it. The employee's friend won the contract and went on to provide good quality services for your organisation. How would you categorise the type of practice described?			1						
Corrupt practice	68%	-	-	-	66%	68%	4		
Not good practice, but not corrupt	28%	-	-	-	29%	28%	4		
Against procedure but not bad practice	2%	-	-	-	3%	2%	4		
Acceptable practice	0%	-	-	-	0%	0%	4		
Good practice I don't know	0% 2%	-	-	-	0% 2%	0% 2%	†		
	1 2/0	!	-	<u> </u>		270	-		
What course of action would you take? Talk to my manager or executive about my concerns	67%	_	_	T .	68%	70%	4		
Make a formal report of the conduct within my organisation	38%	-		-	34%	34%	+		
Talk to the individual about my concerns	14%	-	-	-	14%	13%	†		
Talk to the individual about my concerns Talk to others in my organisation about my concerns	11%	-	-	-	12%	12%	†		
Make a formal report of the conduct outside my organisation	4%	_	-	-	5%	5%	†		
I wouldn't take any action	2%	_	_	_	3%	3%	1		

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

% Positive results only from this column onwards **DAFF Overall** 2024 This report displays the results of all quantitative questions canvassed in the survey in a tabular format. The table uses conditional colour formatting based on the following rules. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab. agencies Colour formatting legend: % Positive % Mixed % Negative % Not sure Overall (1,001-Cohort result is 10,000) higher (green) or lower (red) than 5% DAFF overall positive result: Scenario 2: An employee regularly accesses records they had no reason to access. The records contain sensitive personal information about people. How would you categorise the type of practice described? Corrupt practice 67% 63% 64% Not good practice, but not corrupt 30% 35% 34% Against procedure but not bad practice 1% 1% 1% Acceptable practice 0% 0% 0% Good practice 0% 0% 0% I don't know 2% 1% 1% (n=1,284) What course of action would you take? Talk to my manager or executive about my concerns 63% 66% 68% Make a formal report of the conduct within my organisation 41% 38% 37% Talk to the individual about my concerns 18% 17% 16% Talk to others in my organisation about my concerns 8% 9% 10% Make a formal report of the conduct outside my organisation 3% 3% 3% I wouldn't take any action 2% 2% 2% Scenario 3: An employee uses their official letterhead to communicate with someone outside the organisation during a personal matter because they (n=1,494) How would you categorise the type of practice described? 74% 75% 71% Corrupt practice Not good practice, but not corrupt 23% 25% 22% Against procedure but not bad practice 2% 1% 1% Acceptable practice 0% 0% 0% Good practice 0% 0% 0% I don't know 1% 1% 1% What course of action would you take? Talk to my manager or executive about my concerns 58% 59% 61% Make a formal report of the conduct within my organisation 39% 31% 33% Talk to the individual about my concerns 21% 23% 19% Talk to others in my organisation about my concerns 8% 10% 10% 3% 3% Make a formal report of the conduct outside my organisation 3% 4% 4% I wouldn't take any action 3% Scenario 4: An employee deliberately bypassed the usual processes to get an ineligible candidate into a grant program. How would you categorise the type of practice described? (n=1.495) Corrupt practice 96% 94% 94% Not good practice, but not corrupt 3% 4%

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

DAFF Overall 2024 This report displays the results of all quantitative questions canvassed in the survey in a tabular format. The table uses conditional colour formatting based on the following rules. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab. agencies Colour formatting legend: % Positive % Mixed % Negative % Not sure Overall (1,001-Cohort result is 10,000) higher (green) or lower (red) than 5% DAFF overall positive result: Against procedure but not bad practice 0% 0% 0% Acceptable practice 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% Good practice I don't know 1% 1% 1% What course of action would you take? Make a formal report of the conduct within my organisation 59% 52% 52% 53% 59% Talk to my manager or executive about my concerns 57% Talk to others in my organisation about my concerns 12% 11% 12% 10% 10% 9% Make a formal report of the conduct outside my organisation Talk to the individual about my concerns 7% 7% 6% I wouldn't take any action 2% 2% 2% Scenario 5: An employee repeatedly fills a vacancy using temporary or acting staff to avoid running a competitive, merit-based recruitment process. How would you categorise the type of practice described? Not good practice, but not corrupt 69% 65% 67% Corrupt practice 21% 25% 23% Against procedure but not bad practice 5% 5% 5% Acceptable practice 1% 1% 1% Good practice 0% 0% 0% I don't know 4% 3% 3% What course of action would you take? Talk to my manager or executive about my concerns 65% 66% 67% Talk to the individual about my concerns 17% 16% 15% 17% 17% 18% Talk to others in my organisation about my concerns Make a formal report of the conduct within my organisation 15% 17% 15% Make a formal report of the conduct outside my organisation 2% 3% 2% I wouldn't take any action 9% 8% 9%

% Positive results only from this column onwards

s 47E(d)

(n=1,317)

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National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

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% Positive results only from this column onwards

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries und Forestry (DALT)					70 1 0011110 1001	atto only monn th	iis cotariii oriwaras
		DAFF	Overall		2024		
This report displays the results of all quantitative questions canvassed in the survey in a tabular format. The table uses conditional colour formatting based on the following rules. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab.							s 47E(d)
Colour formatting legend: Cohort result is higher (green) or lower (red) than DAFF overall positive result:	% Positive	% Mixed	% Negative	% Not sure	Overall	agencies (1,001- 10,000)	
They don't know how to report	24%	-	-	-	33%	32%	
Repercussions beyond career impacts	23%	-	-	-	22%	23%	
Not supported by management	22%	-	-	-	22%	23%	
Don't want to ruin someone's career	21%	-	-	-	19%	20%	
Loyalty to the employee	19%	-	-	-	15%	15%	
Too busy doing other work	18%	-	-	-	20%	21%	
Managers accept the conduct	18%	-	-	-	15%	16%	
The reporting process is too difficult	10%	-	-	-	11%	10%	
Better to deal with it unofficially	9%	-	-	-	7%	7%	
Corruption isn't serious enough	4%	-	-	-	5%	5%	
To protect the organisation's reputation	4%	-	-	-	9%	9%	
Other	5%	-	-	-	4%	4%	
Prefer not to say	1%	-	-	-	2%	2%	
Commitment and lovalty	78%	16%	7%	_	77%	75%	ī
Commitment and loyalty	78%	16%	7%	-	77%	75%	I

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National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

% Positive results only from this column onwards **DAFF Overall** 2024 s 47E(d) This report displays the results of all quantitative questions canvassed in the survey in a tabular format. The table uses conditional colour formatting based on the following rules. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab. Colour formatting legend: % Positive % Mixed % Negative % Not sure Overall (1,001-Cohort result is 10,000) higher (green) or lower (red) than DAFF overall positive result: Organisational indicators of corruption Related question (not included in above factor score) q13. Do you have specific knowledge of corrupt conduct that occurred within your organisation while you have been working there? 23% 15% Unsure 9% 8% No knowledge of specific corrupt conduct in my organisation 65% 73% 74% 3% Prefer not to say 3% 3% q14. Do you know about the corrupt conduct because it is your job to deal with allegations of corrupt conduct? Yes, because it is part of my job to deal with such matters 14% 14% 14% No, it is not part of my job to deal with such matters 86% 86% 86% (n=426)q15. How many incidents of corrupt conduct are you aware of? 30% 38% 41% Two separate incidents 31% 27% 26% 15% 11% 10% Three separate incidents Four or more separate incidents 24% 24% 23% (n=438) q16. Is the conduct something that: 14% 19% 19% Is happening now, ongoing 20% 30% 29% Happened in the last 12 months Happened more than 12 months ago 56% 41% 42% 11% I don't know when it happened 10% 9% q17. How did you become aware of the corrupt conduct? 70% 64% 64% I heard about it only I discovered/witnessed it myself 30% 36% 36% q18mr. If you heard about it, where did you hear about it? (Multiple Response) It is/was talked about in my organisation (officially or unofficially) 72% 61% 60% 25% 25% It is/was talked about in the news, social media, or other public place 33% From the person/persons who discovered it 22% 28% 29% 6% 10% 10% Prefer not to say q19mr. Did the conduct involve: (Multiple Response) (n=422)

% Not sure

Overall

7%

7%

13%

DAFF Overall

% Negative

% Mixed

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

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assed in the natting based parate tab.	
parate tab.	% Positive

% Positive results only from this column onwards
2024

agencies

(1,001-10,000)

5%

6%

12%

s 47E(d)

Colour formatting legend:						
Cohort result is						
higher (green) or	5%					

higher (green) or lower (red) than DAFF overall positive result:

Criminal group

Stealing/theft

Gratuities

positive result:						
q20mr. Which of the following best describes the corrupt behaviour? (Multiple Res						
Undisclosed conflict of interest	31%	-	-	-	32%	31%
Nepotism	29%	-	-	-	35%	35%
Fraud	29%	-	-	-	34%	31%
Cronyism	28%	-	-	-	31%	32%
Kickbacks	20%	-	-	-	9%	9%
Bribery	20%	-	-	-	8%	8%
Green-lighting	19%	-	-	-	19%	19%

18%

11%

s 47E(d)

(n=418)

(n=440)

q21mr. Which of the following did the corrupt behaviour involve? (Multiple Respon						
Australian border	44%	-	-	-	7%	5%
Government	22%	-	-	-	24%	26%
Money	16%	-	-	-	23%	25%
Classified information	13%	-	-	-	13%	12%
Domestic activity	11%	-	-	-	8%	8%
Procurement	8%	-	-	-	24%	26%
Policy	8%	-	-	-	12%	12%
Family	6%	-	-	-	9%	10%
International activity	5%	-	-	-	4%	4%
Intelligence	3%	-	-	-	4%	2%

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

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Colour formatting legend:

Cohort result is higher (green) or lower (red) than DAFF overall positive result:

% Positive results only from this column onwards DAFF Overall 2024 agencies % Positive % Mixed % Negative % Not sure Overall (1,001-10,000)

s 47E(d)

s 47E(d)

q22mr. What action did you take in relation to this incident? (Multiple Response)						
Talked to my manager or executive about my concerns	27%	-	-	-	31%	29%
Talked to others in my organisation about my concerns	17%	-	-	-	24%	24%
Made a formal report of the conduct within my organisation	15%	-	-	-	15%	13%
Talked to the individual about my concerns	5%	-	-	-	7%	6%
Made a formal report of the conduct outside my organisation	3%	-	-	-	4%	3%
Other action	22%	-	-	-	16%	16%
I did not take any action	39%	-	-	-	36%	38%
g22mr Why did you not take any action? (Multiple Response)						

(n=165)

I did not take any action	39%	-	-	-	36%	38%
q23mr. Why did you not take any action? (Multiple Response)						
I was concerned I would be subject to detrimental or adverse action if I made a	19%	_	_	_	31%	33%
report	1070				0170	0070
I did not have sufficient proof	18%	-	-	-	26%	27%
I didn't think anything would happen if I made a report	11%	-	-	-	24%	24%
I thought someone else would report it	7%	-	-	-	6%	6%
I didn't know what action to take	3%	-	-	-	9%	9%
I didn't know how to make a report	2%	-	-	-	4%	4%
Other	67%	-	-	-	50%	49%
Prefer not to say	5%	-	-	-	7%	6%

National Anti-Corruption Commission

Commonwealth Integrity Survey Topline Results Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF)

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•	es. Further reading notes are provided in a separate tab.
Colour formatting legend:	
Cohort result is higher (green) or lower (red) than DAFF overall positive result:	5%
About you and your job	

% Positive results only from this column onwards **DAFF Overall** 2024 s 47E(d) agencies % Positive % Mixed % Negative % Not sure Overall (1,001-10,000)

q26. Which one of the following best describes the type of work you do?

s 47 E (d

q28@. What is your current, actual classification level?