# Exporter Supply Chain Assurance System Regulatory Performance Report

1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025

© Commonwealth of Australia 2025

**Ownership of intellectual property rights**

Unless otherwise noted, copyright (and any other intellectual property rights) in this publication is owned by the Commonwealth of Australia (referred to as the Commonwealth).

**Creative Commons licence**

All material in this publication is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International Licence](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/legalcode) except content supplied by third parties, logos and the Commonwealth Coat of Arms.



**Cataloguing data**

This publication (and any material sourced from it) should be attributed as: DAFF 2025, *Exporter Supply Chain Assurance System Regulatory Performance Report 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025*, Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry, Canberra, July. CC BY 4.0.

This publication is available at [agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity-trade/export/controlled-goods/live-animals/livestock/compliance-investigations/investigations-escas](https://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity-trade/export/controlled-goods/live-animals/livestock/compliance-investigations/investigations-escas).

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

GPO Box 858 Canberra ACT 2601

Telephone 1800 900 090

Web [agriculture.gov.au](https://www.agriculture.gov.au/)

**Disclaimer**

The Australian Government acting through the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry has exercised due care and skill in preparing and compiling the information and data in this publication. Notwithstanding, the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry, its employees and advisers disclaim all liability, including liability for negligence and for any loss, damage, injury, expense or cost incurred by any person as a result of accessing, using or relying on any of the information or data in this publication to the maximum extent permitted by law.

**Acknowledgement of Country**

We acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of Australia and their continuing connection to land and sea, waters, environment and community. We pay our respects to the Traditional Custodians of the lands we live and work on, their culture, and their Elders past and present.

Contents

[Overview 1](#_Toc201059529)

[1 Period summary: 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025 2](#_Toc201059530)

[1.1 Livestock exported 2](#_Toc201059531)

[1.2 Reports received and completed 2](#_Toc201059532)

[2 Summary of ESCAS non-compliance assessments 3](#_Toc201059533)

[3 Exporter notifications: issues identified and addressed by exporters 4](#_Toc201059537)

[4 Summary of assessments in progress as at 30 June 2025 5](#_Toc201059538)

**Tables**

[Table 1 Summary of livestock exported – 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025 2](#_Toc201059539)

[Table 2 Summary of reports received and completed – 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025 2](#_Toc201059540)

[Table 3 Summary of ESCAS investigations in progress as at 30 June 2025 5](#_Toc201059542)

## Overview

The Exporter Supply Chain Assurance System (ESCAS) requires exporters to have arrangements with supply chain partners (i.e. importers, feedlots, abattoirs) in importing countries to provide humane treatment and handling of feeder and slaughter livestock (cattle, sheep, goats, deer, buffalo and camelids) from arrival through to point of slaughter. As ESCAS only applies to feeder and slaughter livestock, the statistics in the report refer only to feeder and slaughter exports. ESCAS does not apply to the export of breeder livestock. ESCAS is underpinned by the following key principles – control, traceability and animal welfare – whereby the exporter must demonstrate, through a system of reporting and independent auditing of their supply chains:

* the exporter has control of all supply chain arrangements (including having agreements in place with supply chain partners) for the transport, management and slaughter of livestock, and that all livestock remain in the supply chain (control)
* the exporter can account for all livestock through the supply chain (traceability)
* animal handling and slaughter meets World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH) animal welfare standards (animal welfare).

If issues arise, ESCAS requires exporters to address any non-compliance matters within their supply chains. This may be managed by undertaking additional steps or corrective actions at facilities (for example delivering training or upgrading infrastructure), removing non-compliant facilities from a supply chain, or not exporting any further livestock to a supply chain.

Additionally, the ESCAS regulatory framework enables the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (department) to assess information about reported non-compliances with ESCAS requirements and take regulatory action where appropriate. Reports are generally received through one of four pathways: self-reported by exporters, reported by third parties (for example, animal welfare organisations or private citizens in an importing country), reported by industry, or identified by the department itself. Reports are assessed by the department using the [guideline for the management of non-compliance](http://www.agriculture.gov.au/export/controlled-goods/live-animals/livestock/regulatory-framework/compliance-investigations/non-compliance).

In response to ESCAS non-compliance, the department may apply regulatory actions to an ESCAS, or in more serious instances, to an exporter or an entire market. This may include revoking an ESCAS, varying an ESCAS to remove facilities or apply additional conditions, or suspending or cancelling an exporter’s licence. Regulatory action is applied based on the nature of the non-compliance, and any corrective actions implemented by the exporter are taken into consideration.

## Period summary: 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025

Below is a summary of the number of feeder and/or slaughter livestock exported, number of reports received, and number of assessments completed during this period (1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025).

### Livestock exported

During this period 360,385 livestock were exported under ESCAS arrangements to 13 countries. The number by species exported to each country is presented in [Table 1](#Table_1).

Table 1 Summary of livestock exported – 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025

| Country | Buffalo | Cattle | Goats | Sheep | Total |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Brunei | 1181 | 997 | – | – | 2178 |
| Indonesia | 184 | 149969 | – | – | 150153 |
| Israel | – | 3681 | – | – | 3681 |
| Jordan | – | 4398 | – | 25140 | 29538 |
| Kuwait | – | 228 | – | 61462 | 61690 |
| Malaysia | – | 1082 | 7738 | 4138 | 12958 |
| Oman | – | – | – | 9879 | 9879 |
| Philippines | – | 9605 | – | – | 9605 |
| Qatar | – | – | – | 18000 | 18000 |
| Saudi Arabia | – | – | – | 22750 | 22750 |
| Singapore | – | – | 148 | 899 | 1047 |
| United Arab Emirates | – | 225 | – | 11500 | 11725 |
| Vietnam | – | 27181 | – | – | 27181 |
| **Total** | **1365** | **197366** | **7886** | **153768** | **360385** |

### Reports received and completed

2 reports of non-compliance with ESCAS requirements were received during this period. A summary of notifications received and completed is presented in [Table 2](#Table_2).

Table 2 Summary of reports received and completed – 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025

| Report type | Outstanding reports as at 31 March 2025 | Reports received in current period | Assessments completed in current period | Assessments remaining in progress as at 30 June 2025 a  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ESCAS | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Exporter notifications  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Total** | **0** | **2** | **0** | **2** |

**a** A summary of assessments in progress is provided in Section 4 of this report.

## Summary of ESCAS non-compliance assessments

No ESCAS non-compliance assessments were completed in this period.

## Exporter notifications: issues identified and addressed by exporters

No issues were identified and addressed by exporters during this period.

## Summary of assessments in progress as at 30 June 2025

Table 3 provides an overview of all regulatory performance assessments in progress as at 30 June 2025. The status of all reviews can be found at [ESCAS Investigations](https://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity-trade/export/controlled-goods/live-animals/livestock/compliance-investigations/investigations-escas).

Table 3 Summary of ESCAS investigations in progress as at 30 June 2025

| # | Date reported | Type | Market | Species | Report |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 194 | June 2025 | Self-reported by exporters | Malaysia | Sheep and Goats | Loss of control and traceability and animal welfare concerns |
| 195 | June 2025 | Third party report | Jordan | Sheep | Animal welfare concerns |