**DIAGRAM - WORDS FOR ‘ALT TEXT’**

* Commercial Vessels are subject to either the Positive Pratique Process or the 2022 Negative Pratique Amendment Instrument
* Cruise vessels are subject to the 2022 Negative Pratique Amendment Instrument. These vessel types arrive under the Negative Pratique Process
* Non-commercial vessels are subject to the 2022 Negative Pratique Amendment Instrument. These vessel types arrive under the Negative Pratique Process

**PRE-ARRIVAL – BEFORE THE VESSEL ARRIVES**

* Commercial vessels submit a pre-arrival report via MARS
* Cruise vessels submit a pre-arrival report via MARS
* Non-commercial vessels report arrival before entering Australian Territory (via email, fax or phone)

**THE VESSEL ARRIVES**

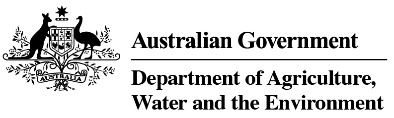
**THE VESSEL BERTHS**

* Commercial vessels
* Where it is reported that there are ill passengers/crew or a death on-board, or if a pre-arrival report has not been provided, the vessel will be subject to the negative pratique process
* Pratique is only granted after a biosecurity officer (in consultation with a human biosecurity officer, where required) has assessed that there is no human health risk associated with the vessel
* Cruise vessels
* An assessment of human health is undertaken by a biosecurity officer as part of their onboard inspection
* PRATIQUE is GRANTED where there is no indicated human health risk
* Non-commercial vessels
* An assessment of human health is undertaken by a biosecurity officer as part of their onboard inspection
* PRATIQUE is GRANTED where there is no indicated human health risk

**NB:**

Where the operator of the vessel becomes aware that the information included in the Pre-Arrival Report is incomplete or incorrect, they must provide a biosecurity officer the additional or corrected information, as soon as practicable, s194 of the Biosecurity Act. A person is liable to a civil penalty for false or misleading information, or omission of any matter, or thing, without which the information is misleading, s532 of the Biosecurity Act.

Failure to comply with a requirement under the Biosecurity Act may result in penalties, including infringement notices, civil penalties or criminal prosecutions.



June, 2022

**CRUISE VESSELS**

Subject to the 2022 Negative   
Pratique Amendment Instrument   
with these vessel types

arriving under the

Negative Pratique Process

**PRATIQUE GRANTED**where there is no indicated

human health risk

An assessment of human health is undertaken by a biosecurity officer as part of their onboard inspection

Submit Pre-Arrival Report (PAR)

via MARS



Vessel berths at First Point of Entry

**BERTH**

**ARRIVAL**

Vessel arrives at First Point of Entry



Pre-Arrival

Report



**PRE-ARRIVAL**

**NON-COMMERCIAL**

**VESSELS**

Subject to the 2022 Negative   
Pratique Amendment Instrument   
with these vessel types

arriving under the

Negative Pratique Process

Report arrival before entering Australian Territory

(email, fax or phone)

**PRATIQUE GRANTED**where there is no indicated

human health risk

An assessment of human health is undertaken by a biosecurity officer as part of their onboard inspection

**COMMERCIAL**

**VESSELS**

Subject to either the Positive

Pratique Process or the

2022 Negative Pratique

Amendment Instrument

Submit Pre-Arrival Report (PAR)

via MARS

Where it is reported that there are ill passengers/crew or a death on-board, or if a pre-arrival report has not been provided, the vessel will be subject to the negative pratique process

Pratique is only granted after a biosecurity officer (in consultation with a human biosecurity officer, where required) has assessed that there is no human health risk associated with the vessel

Negative Pratique Process

Positive Pratique Process

Where the operator of the vessel becomes aware that the information included in the Pre-Arrival Report is incomplete or incorrect, they must provide a biosecurity officer the additional or corrected information, as soon as practicable, *s194 of the Biosecurity Act*. A person is liable to a civil penalty for false or misleading information, or omission of any matter, or thing, without which the information is misleading, *s532 of the Biosecurity Act.*

Failure to comply with a requirement under the Biosecurity Act may result in penalties,

including infringement notices, civil penalties or criminal prosecutions.