



# Schweiz / Suisse / Svizzera / Switzerland

**Additional certification to be completed when the horse has resided in Switzerland during the 60 days before export from ..... (approved country)<sup>1</sup> to Australia**

Exporting country:	Approved Form No. <b>I-2016-03</b>	Certificate No. ....
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Issuing authority: ..... Import permit No.: .....

## I. Identification of the horse

Name: .....	Colour: .....
Breed: .....	Sex: .....
Age: .....	FEI Passport No.: .....
Mode of transport (Flight number): .....	

## II. Origin of the horse

Address of the premises of origin: .....	Name and address of the consignor: .....
.....	.....
.....	.....

## III. Destination of the horse

Country of destination: <b>Australia</b>	Name and address of the consignee: .....
Address of premises of destination: .....	.....
.....	.....
.....	.....

## IV. Health attestation

1. The horse was continuously resident from ..... to ..... (dates) in Switzerland.
2. During the period noted in point 1 (which is during the 60 days immediately before export to Australia), while in Switzerland:
  - a. The horse was continuously resident and free of quarantine restriction in Switzerland where no clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of glanders occurred during the previous three years and the disease is compulsorily notifiable.
  - b. The horse was continuously resident and free of quarantine restriction in Switzerland where no clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of African horse sickness, dourine or Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis occurred during the previous two years and the diseases are compulsorily notifiable. While in Switzerland, the horse was not vaccinated against African horse sickness or Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis during the 60 days before export to Australia.
  - c. The horse was continuously resident and free of quarantine restriction in Switzerland where no clinical, epidemiological or other evidence Eastern or Western equine encephalomyelitis, or vesicular stomatitis occurred during the previous two years.
  - d. The horse was continuously resident and free of quarantine restriction in Switzerland where no clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of Japanese encephalitis, screw-worm-fly (*Cochliomyia hominivorax* or *Chrysomya bezziana*) myiasis or surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*) occurred during the previous 12 months.
  - e. After due inquiry, the horse did not reside on any premises in Switzerland where clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of rabies occurred during the previous 12 months.
  - f. After due inquiry, the horse did not reside on any premises in Switzerland where clinical evidence of Borna disease occurred during the previous 90 days.

<sup>1</sup> Approved countries are: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Japan, Italy, Luxembourg, Macau, the Netherlands, New Caledonia, New Zealand, Portugal, Republic of Iceland, Republic of Ireland, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Arab Emirates, the United Kingdom and the United States.

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- g. After due inquiry, the horse did not reside on any premises in Switzerland where clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of contagious equine metritis, epizootic lymphangitis, equine infectious anaemia, equine piroplasmosis or Lyme disease occurred during the previous 60 days.
  - h. After due inquiry, the horse did not reside on any premises in Switzerland where clinical, epidemiological or other evidence of anthrax, equid herpesvirus-1 (abortigenic and neurological strains), equine influenza or equine viral arteritis occurred during the previous 30 days.

- i. For all horses (excluding donkeys and mules) excluding geldings and unweaned foals under six months of age:

So far as can be determined, the horse was never mated to, or inseminated with semen from, a horse that was, at the time of mating or semen collection, known to be infected with *Taylorella equigenitalis*.

Note: if a horse does not meet this requirement, or was known to be infected with *T. equigenitalis*, it may be permitted entry subject to an approved method of treatment and testing considered appropriate by the Australian Director of Biosecurity (or delegate).

- j. After due inquiry, while in Switzerland, the horse was not treated with imidocarb, or other anti-babesial agents active against *Babesia caballi* or *Theilaria equi*, during the 12 months before commencement of pre-export quarantine for export to Australia.
  - k. After due inquiry, while in Switzerland, the horse was not positive in any test for equine piroplasmosis (*B. caballi* or *T. equi*) for at least 12 months before commencement of pre-export quarantine for export to Australia.
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Place and date	Name, Stamp and Signature of the Official Veterinarian <sup>2</sup>

<sup>2</sup> Official Veterinarian means a veterinarian authorised by the Veterinary Authority of the approved country to perform certain official tasks associated with animal health and/or public health, and inspections of commodities and, when appropriate, to certify in conformity with the provisions of Chapters 5.1. and 5.2. of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) Terrestrial Animal Health Code.